

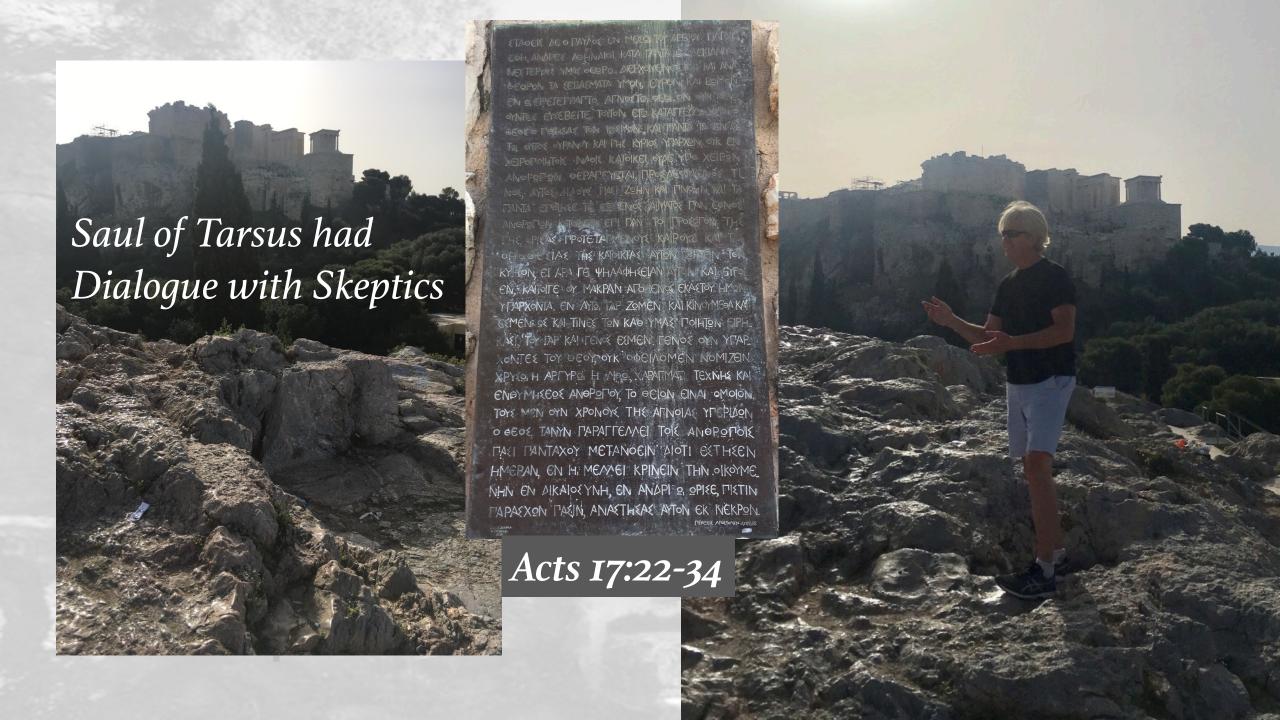
Summer Series in Apologetics

with Dr. Dave Newton

Monday July 24th

WELCOME

άπολογία



What is Apologetics?

άπολογία

Logical Segue Sessions 6 to Session-7

If Absolute TRUTH - then Reliable Absolute TRUTH about Jesus of Nazareth BIBLE has extremely detailed account of Jesus
Is this Reliable-Reasonable-Truthful resource?
Is it the only resource? Are the others?

Three BIG Questions for this evening:

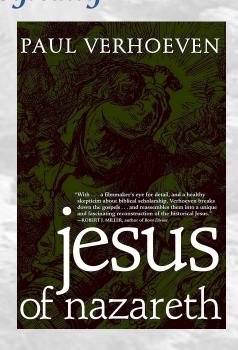
- 1. Was there an Historical 1st Century AD Jesus from Nazareth?
 - 2. Did Pontius Pilate have Jesus executed on a cross?
 - 3. Was Jesus resurrected after death?

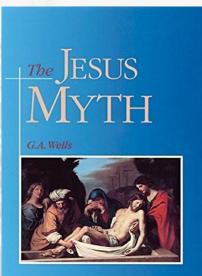
Skeptic Immediately Assumes Bible is

Folklore, Myth, Legend, Poetic-Allegory, Fiction but NOT true content!
Such a BIAS must be addressed Rationally - Logically

Therefore:

Jesus is also folklore, myth, legend, fiction
Composite character made-up by others
NOT true person in history!
This BIAS needs to be addressed-discussed
Rationally, Logically, Thoughtfully





JESUS

1. Was there an Historical 1st Century AD Jesus from Nazareth?

Indebted to Gary Habermas - Liberty University [dozens of articles and books] while working on PhD at Michigan State: "Historicity of the Resurrection of Jesus" 3 doctoral dissertation committee members: agnostic, agnostic-Jew, major skeptic

Skeptic: "Just don't say the resurrection happened because the BIBLE says so"

THIS EVENING: We'll examine the full spectrum of Evidence for:

- Historical Jesus
- Execution [death] on Roman cross
- Resurrection

JESUS

1. Was there an Historical 1st Century AD Jesus from Nazareth?

2023 *Widely accepted by scholars*, theologians, historians that historical Jesus from Nazareth did in fact exist in 1st Century Judea

Very small minority question/doubt "Historical Jesus"
"Mythicists" say: No record of Jesus in Roman histories [NOT true]
and No archaeological evidence
Many pagan gods also die and rise again

Main skeptics-critics are: The Jesus Seminar - not mainstream

Remember: 4 Gospels [Luke's 2-part] + Paul's letters EXECELLENT historical accounts

Even critics concede: 4 Gospels + 7 Paul letters ARE historical

[but probably NOT inspired]

QUEST FOR HISTORICAL JESUS 1830s to present

Stage-1 19th Century liberal German theologians [100+ years]

Stage-2 Rudolf Bultmann and Karl Barth [1920s-30s-40s]

"NO historical Jesus" Quest is over!

Stage-3 2nd **Quest** not enough history to construct life [1950s-60s]

of Jesus, but keep Jesus from slipping into legend

Stage 4 3rd Quest huge shift to LOTS of books about [1970s-present]

"Historical Jesus" – He's Jewish, Middle Eastern

Semite, spoke Greek & Aramaic, Jewish law

HISTORICAL

Matthew John-Mark
Luke 2 volumes
John bar-Zebedee
Paul to Rome

Paul 2 letters to Corinth

Paul first letter to Thessalonica

Paul to Galatia Philemon Philippi

maybe 2nd Thess. Colossae Ephesus

THESE 12 ARE WIDELY ACCEPTED AS RELIABLE HISTORICAL SOURCES:

- Widely cited by full range of writers/historians
- Sermons ALL have same content Gospel
- 90% illiterate population Focus on **teaching Gospel**
- Jesus appeared to Peter . . . 12 . . . 500 people

 James . . . Saul of Tarsus
- VERY significant numbers from close-in timing could easily refute-dismiss what was written

Let me Reiterate: I hold to 'earlier' dates for Gospels

Session-4 Mid-range dates Many say ALL post-70 AD

Mark 50-55 AD 60-75 AD

Matthew 55-60 65-85

Luke 57-60 65-95

John mid-60s AD 75-100

However, strong contingent: John Wenham [even James Crossley of Jesus Seminar]:

Mark late 30s early-to-mid 40s AD

Matthew late 40s

Luke 55-58

John late-50s

ONE POINT: No mention of destruction of Jerusalem? Paul's beheading? Peter's crucifixion?

Consider similar timeline context writing of historical figures:

Alexander the Great died in 323 BC

Lucian wrote his biography of Alexander in 100 AD +400 years

Arrian of Nicomedia wrote his account of Alexander in 130 AD +450 years

Caesar Tiberius died in 37 BC five years after Jesus

Tacitus Suetonius write their biographies 110-120 AD +73-83 years

JESUS

HISTORICAL

Saul of Tarsus knew James knew Simon bar-Jonah [Petras]

Logical that Peter and James would let Saul know if there was no Jesus

Pharisee Saul uses very Pharisaical style 1st Corin. 15:11 'hoti hoti hoti' = and that

Time and again Saul writes: "I'm passing along to you what was passed along to me"

- Saul did NOT invent Gospel after-the-fact
- First 5 'accepted' NT sources ALL have exact same message!

After Saul:

- Clement of Rome wrote Corinthians 95 AD
- **Ignatius** wrote 7 letters 107 AD
- **Polycarp** wrote Corinthians **110** AD

These 9 quote-cite-refer to Saul's 1st Corinthians 32 times!

Talmud:

Jesus In The Talmud [Peter Schafer, 2009]

Rabbis were very negative but include Yehuda/Yeshua many times

"Jesus the Nazarene practiced magic and deceived and led Israel astray"

Finance-Econometrics has GREAT vocabulary:

- Heteroskedasticity - Multicollinearity - Orthogonality

History-Theology also has GREAT terms, like:

- Verisimilitude = [verified-similarities]
does source match what we know about people, places, history?
match other sources, archaeology, geography, topography?

Matthew John-Mark John bar-Zebedee Luke's 2-volume set demonstrate strong, positive, excellent Verisimilitude [full range of scholars ALL agree]
4 Gospels Acts and 6-8 Paul letters excellent 'historical' accounts

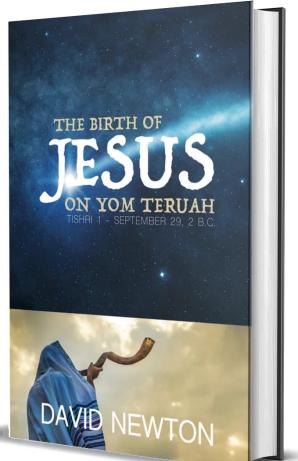
27 NT books widely-circulated 100s & 200s - long before Council of Nicaea 325 AD by contrast gospel of Thomas [2nd Cent. AD]

Not quoted by early writers - WHY? because it didn't exist!

JESUS

HISTORICAL

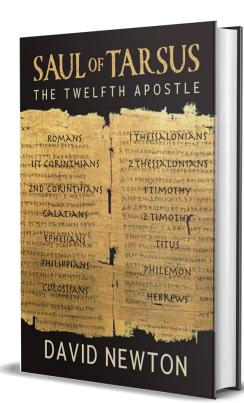
Birth of Jesus exactly matches all of the O.T. prophecies about Mashiach *These are clearly in LXX almost 300 years prior*



Born in Bethlehem Ephrathah **2** BC Micah 5:2 Magi from Persia-Parthia Matthew 2:1-16 I BC Raised in Nazareth until age 30 Number 4:3 Luke 3:23 2-29 Begins ministry: a] Nazareth synagogue b] Jordan River 29 Passover-1 John 2:13 **30** Passover-2 John 6:4 **3**I Passover-3 John 12:1 April 6 exact date from Daniel 9 **32** Crucified by Romans, Pontius Pilate Nisan 14 Passover Raised Nisan 17 Feast of First Fruits 3 days + 3 nights Matthew 12:40

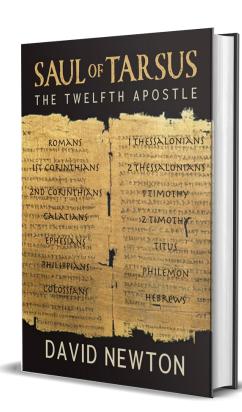
Writers

Timeline of Writers' Dates



- **9 AD** Born in Tarsus of Cilicia
- Jerusalem age 14 Study with Gamaliel Pharisee like his father
- 29 Six yrs into studies age 20 as Jesus turns 30 and begins His ministry
- Zealous Pharisee age 23 as Jesus crucified on Passover Nisan-14 April-10 Very likely in Jerusalem 7 weeks later during Feast of Pentecost when 3,000 new believers were baptized.
- 32-34 After resurrection, age 23-to-25, actively hostile toward new religion "The Way". Likely time Saul was present at the stoning of Stephen.

Writers



34-36 Age 25-to-27 builds reputation – Zealous persecution

Age 27 at Damascus with letters from Council in Jerusalem

36-39 Does not immediately go into full-time ministry of Gospel

Acts 9:22 In Damascus right after his conversion

Acts 9:26 Initial short trip to Jerusalem

Galatians 1:17 Into Arabia [2 years] then back to Damascus [age 30 in 39 AD]

Acts 9:30 Sailed from Caesarea-to-Tarsus

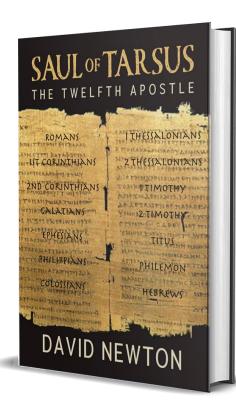
Acts 11:25 Barnabas goes to Tarsus to find Saul

Acts 11:26 Returns to Syrian-Antioch [stays 1 year]

Galatians 1:18 After three years he went to Jerusalem Gal. 2:9 John too!

39-67 Saul blessed with 28 years to minister throughout Mediterranean Basin

Writers



Mid 46 - late 47AD First Mission Trip

Mid 51 - Mid 54 Second Mission Trip

- First letter to Thessalonica 51/52 2nd letter 52/53

- First Corinth letter **54** from Ephesus

Third Mission Trip

- Letter to Galatia 54/55 from Ephesus

- Second Corinth letter 55 from Philippi

- Letter to Romans **57** from Corinth

House Arrest in Rome

- Letter to Philemon 61/62 from Rome

- Letters to Ephesus Philippi Colossae 62 from Rome

After House Arrest . . . Then to Mamertine

- First letter to Timotheus 62 from Macedonia

- Letter to Titus 62 from Macedonia

- Letter to Hebrew nation 62/63 from Macedonia

- Second letter to Timotheus 64/65 from Mamertine in Rome

61-62

Mid 54 - Mid 57

63-67



55 AD

Writings of **Thallus** lost - but quoted by Julius Africanus in **220** re: physical darkness in **sky at the crucifixion of Jesus**:

"On the whole world there pressed a most fearful darkness and the rocks were rent by an earthquake, and many places in Judea and other districts were thrown down, this darkness Thallus in the third book of his History, calls, as appears to me without reason, an eclipse of the sun"

Woodcut-etching of Julius Africanus [1493]



73 AD

Mara bar-Sarapion - Stoic philosopher in Syrian Province of Roman Empire. Taken captive by Rome - From prison wrote a letter in Syriac language to his son **3 years after the fall of Jerusalem**:

"What advantage did the Athenians gain by murdering Socrates? or the people of Samos by the burning of Pythagoras? or the Jews by killing their wise king, because their kingdom was taken away at that very time? God justly repaid the wisdom of these three: Athenians died of famine - Samians completely overwhelmed by the sea Jews left desolate driven from their land, scattered through every nation"



50-157 AD

- Didache 50-70 explains how Christians should act and teachings of Jesus, instructions for celebrating communion to remember His death and resurrection
- Clement of Rome 70-97 Many statements about Jesus
- Barnabas epistle 100 Cites Matt. 22 exact same Greek
- Papias 95-110 learned of Jesus from those who heard Him
- Ignatius of Antioch wrote the Smyrna in IIO AD

 Jesus was crucified under Pontius Pilate and Herod Tetrarch
- Polycarp wrote Philippi 110-140 Jesus lived and died
- Quadratus wrote emperor Hadrian 117-138 "works of our Savior were always present, for they were genuine"
- Justin Martyr First Apology 155-157 Jesus was a teacher, he was crucified, he died and rose again

First Epistle of Clement - Codex Alexandrinus - British Museum.

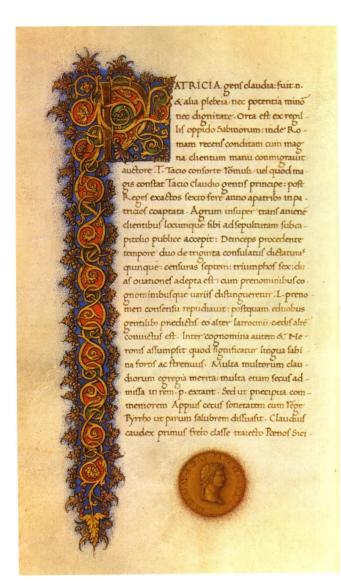


93 AD

- Renowned Jewish-Roman historian Flavius Josephus makes famous reference to Jesus in his work "Antiquities of the Jews"
- Virtually all historians, Christian and non-Christian, agree this passage in Greek was edited by a Christian scribe after the fact because the devout Jew Josephus would not have written:

"He [Jesus the Nazarene] was the Christ"

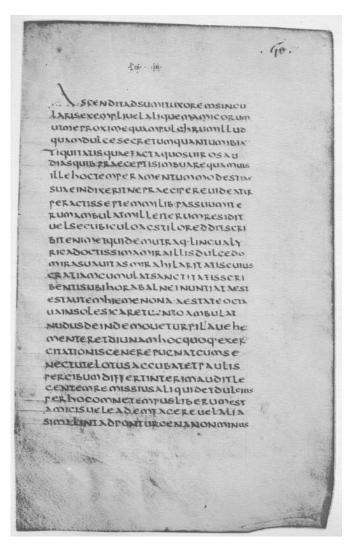
but it remains an excellent extra-Biblical source that makes reference to Jesus as being the 'Mashiach' [Anointed one].



II2 AD

Suetonius - Roman historian - Most famous work De vita Caesarum [the Lives of the Caesars] Wrote a history about first 12 Caesars Julius Caesar to Domitian. In chapter on life of Emperor Claudius [41-54 AD] clearly stated the reason for the decision to expel all Jews from Rome [which is also found in **Acts 18:2**] he writes:

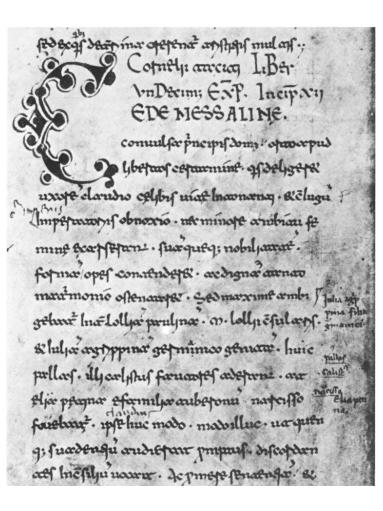
"Since the Jews constantly made disturbances at the instigation of **Chrestus**, he expelled them from Rome"



II2 AD

Pliny the Younger - Roman Governor of Bithynia Asia Minor. Wrote to the Emperor Trajan asking for advice:

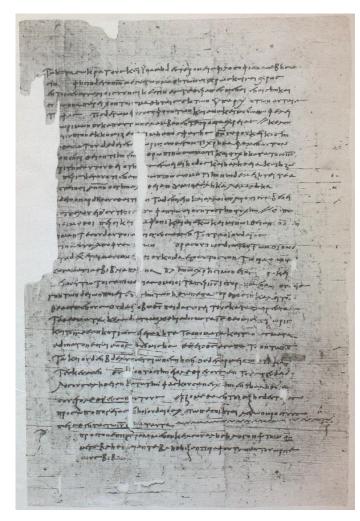
".... how to deal with these 'Christians' whom I am prosecuting for they are accustomed to meet before daybreak and to recite a hymn among themselves to their Christ, as though he were a god"



II6AD

Famous Roman historian **Tacitus** - 2 primary essays: a] **Annals** [Roman Empire 14-68 AD] b] Histories [69-96] In the Annals Tacitus recounts:

"... open suspicions and accusations that Caesar-Nero was responsible for the burning of Rome - and he placed the blame and guilt, as well as devastating torture on one class of people he hated for their abominations — those called 'Christians' by the populace — this man Christus, from whom their name had its origin, suffered the extreme penalty during the reign of Tiberius at the hands of one of our procurators, Pontius Pilatus"

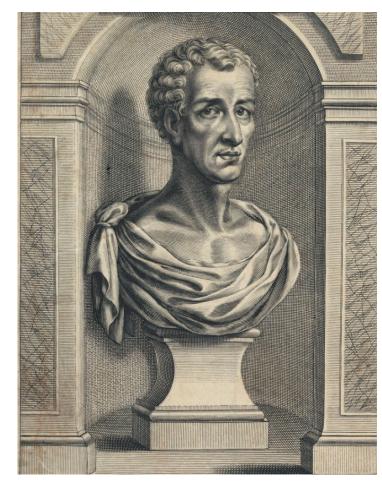


140 AD

Phlegon of Tralles book of history no longer exists but Origen cites several passages of Phlegon referring to Jesus:

"Now Phlegon, in the thirteenth or fourteenth book, I think, of his Chronicles, not only ascribed to Jesus a knowledge of future events but also testified that the result corresponded to His predictions"

Origen's Contra Celsum (Against Celsus) - Egyptian Museum



166 AD

Lucian of Samosata - Famous Greek satirist - Referred to **Jesus** in classic work The Death of Peregrine, as he mocks **Christians**:

"The Christians, you know, worship a man to this day the distinguished personage who introduced their novel rites and was crucified on that account... it was impressed on them by their original lawgiver that they are all brothers from the moment that they are converted, and deny the gods of Greece, and worship instead the crucified sage"

JESUS

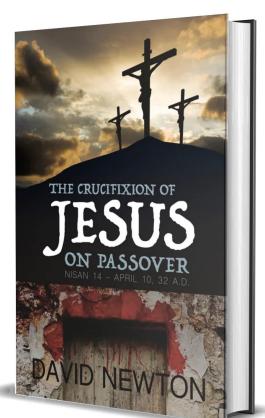


175 AD

Celsus writes of a Jew who has direct discussion with **Jesus**

"Who speaks in a very childish manner, altogether unworthy of the grey hairs of a philosopher, so let me endeavour, to the best of my ability, to examine his statements, and show that he does not maintain, throughout the discussion, the consistency due to the character of a Jew, for he represents him disputing with Jesus, and confuting Him, as he thinks, on many points"

2. Did Pontius Pilate have Jesus executed on a cross?



- Overwhelming majority of scholars-theologians-historians agree: *Jesus WAS executed on Roman cross by Governor Pontius Pilate*
- Very common death sentence execution [dozens of Roman sources]
- Pilate confirmed Governor of Syrian Province 26-36 AD

Jesus crucified Passover, Nian-14 April 10 in 32 AD



Caesarea Maritima stone found 1961

2. Did Pontius Pilate have Jesus executed on Roman cross?





- Newton photo from: Israel Museum, Jerusalem
- Photo below: 2nd Cent. AD near Cambridgeshire, England
- Jesus died *hanging low* [unable to push up to breath]
- Then *pierce heart* or *break legs* to speed up asphyxiation
- 2007 Italy 2,000 yr-old skeleton evidence of crucifixion
- Jesus buried "It's what you do with dead people" [Habermas]
- Why specifically name 2 obscure no-names:

 Joseph Arimathea + Nicodemus unless they DID bury Jesus**
- Why set 'story' in Jerusalem? Worst location to pull off lie!

 Smaller obscure = Bethany, Capernaum, Nazareth

 Jerusalem: LOTS of people LOTS of Roman soldiers

1. 2007 Italy 2,000 yr-old skeleton [2018 Archaeology and Anthropological Sciences]

2. Caiaphas ossuary Kayafa son of Joseph Flavius Josephus: "Joseph Caiaphas during the time of Jesus"



Contained 2 rusted iron nails from a crucifixion



3. Tombs found in 1968 has ossuary with broken tibia and fibula + both heel bones had nail driven thru [7 AD]

Newton photo Israel Museum, Jerusalem



Newton photo 2022 [currently bus station-depot parking lot] Located just outside city wall

Probably crucified in front of 'skull'

Be Careful of more than 25 nails on display around the world, all supposedly used to crucify Jesus [Rome, Aachen, Prague, Venice . . .]

JESUS

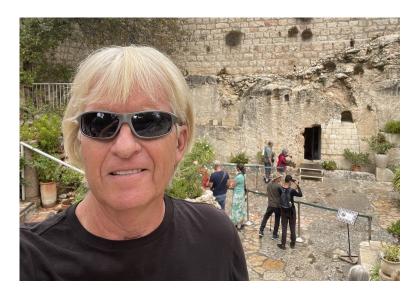
3. Was Jesus Resurrected after Death?

- Jesus was executed by crucifixion and DEAD
- Jesus was embalmed and BURIED
- Tomb was guarded by professional Roman soldiers Sanhedrin specific request
- "Passover Plot" [Hugh Schonfield, 1965] Swoon theory entirely discredited in mid-1800s Impossible for Jesus to simply be unconscious - Embalmed? Roll away the stone?

Nails, asphyxiation, spear

Joseph Arimathea Nicodemus

- Mass hallucinations? Certainly individual can hallucinate, but NEVER all have same
- Wrong tomb? Certainly Romans and Sanhedrin knew which sepulcher was for Jesus



Garden Tomb, Jerusalem

1867 *discovered/unearthed*

1894 *purchased by charitable trust in UK*

2022 right next to Golgotha 'skull' in bus-depot

John 19:41 at the place where Jesus was crucified there was a garden - and in the garden a new tomb in which no-one had ever been laid"

Dr. Newton **YouTube** channel has 2 videos from Oct-2022 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N87dD9iTtwQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MEe-AqeH7Fw

'See' physical Jesus alive vs. 'Believe saw' Jesus alive?

One thing to literally actually SEE Jesus alive vs. "I believe I saw Jesus"

Gospel is NOT "we believe Jesus was a special man, insightful teacher, great prophet" "we think we saw Him"

Gospel IS "we saw Jesus alive AFTER He was executed by Roman crucifixion"

Paul Ist Corin. 15 Gospel is Jesus died Jesus buried according to OT scriptures

Jesus raised to life again according to OT

v. 12-19 If Jesus has not been raised, preaching is in Vain. Faith in Vain

We are all false witnesses! Your faith is worthless

Hundreds of people could have halted Gospel right at its founding after resurrection What of Peter? James was major skeptic? Saul hostile adversary?

Peter [Acts 2:29-32] and Saul [Acts 13:29] specifically emphasize that the body of Jesus DID NOT decompose – contrast to Jewish King David *fulfills* Psalm 16:10

Charles Colson and several forensic detectives agree: FALSE testimony always implodes to avoid penalties for lying - WHY would Peter, James, Jude, John, Saul die for a lie?

If Jesus resurrected after death . . . He would HAVE to be God

Jesus used "Son of Man" of Himself - from Daniel 7:13-14 VERY prophetic title

Jesus as "Son of God" Others said this of Jesus [demons, centurion, angel, Nathanael Jews, rabbis, scribes, Pharisees, Sadducees]

Jesus confirms John 8:58 Matt. 16:15-17 Luke 1:35 22:70 John 10:36 11:34 20:31

JESUS: Option-I Jesus never claimed this

Option-2 Jesus claimed this - it wasn't true and knew it = LIAR

Option-3 *Jesus claimed this - it wasn't true but He believed it =* **LUNATIC**

Option-4 Jesus claimed this - it is true = HE IS GOD

NO other religion states: Our leader-founder was dead and then resurrected to life Abraham, Buddha, Muhammed, Zarathustra

One very interesting-provocative Archaeological Debate about Jesus

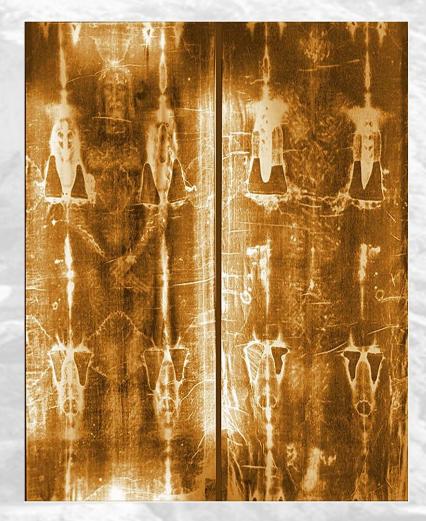
Shroud of Turin

Literally dozens of scientific tests-experiments cannot explain how the image got melded into the fabric.

Multiple independent studies have attempted to replicate image-transfers to fabric, but all unsuccessful.

Books, videos, scientific conferences, DVDs, television specials, journal articles CONTINUE the debate





Another interesting-provocative Archaeological Debate about Jesus

James Ossuary

Found in 2002 in Kidron Valley below Temple Mount

Dates to Ist Century AD **Aramaic** inscription:





Chemical and spectroscopy tests of limestone stone and patina some confirm vs. others say 'hoax' Yaakov bar Yoseph akhui d Yeshua Jacob son Joseph brother of Jesus [James]

Take Aways

- Significant amount and strong content evidence for Jesus, from Nazareth, executed by Roman Pontius Pilate, and Raised from the dead
- VERY small minority says no such person + NT books non-historical
- We are in 4th stage: "3rd Quest for Historical Jesus"
- Gospels Acts Paul's Letters generally accepted as HISTORICAL accounts Excellent "Verisimilitude" confirms reliable content and contexts
- Close in 1st + 2nd Century AD writers/historians strong support for NT Books
- Jesus + Saul timelines very strong historical "fit" with Roman calendar of events
- Numerous Extra-Biblical writers reference 1st Century Jesus
- Strong evidence of Pontius Pilate and Roman crucifixion in 32 AD Judea
- Strong evidence of a] Death b] Burial c] Empty Tomb d] Eye-witness sightings

LET'S NOT FORGET! Calendar of the planet is based on birth of Jesus

Jesus of Nazareth

Gary Habermas

Jeff Sheler

E.P. Sanders

Evidence for the Historical Jesus [2020]

The Historical Jesus [1996]

McDowell+Williams Evidence for the Historical Jesus [2011]

Is The Bible True? [1989]

chapters 17-22 'Historical Jesus'

Genuine Jesus: Evidence from History and Archaeology [2021]

Paul Maier

The Historical Figure of Jesus [1993]

Eastman and Smith

The Search for Messiah [1993]

Ehrman and Evans

Can We Trust the Bible on the Historical Jesus? [2020]

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Lee Strobel

Titus Kennedy

Ian Wilson

Robert Hutchinson

The Case for Christ [1998]

Excavating the Evidence for Jesus [2022]

The Bible is History [2000]

Searching For Jesus [2015]



Summer Series in Apologetics

with Dr. Dave Newton

NEXT STUDY - Monday July 31st

Logical Segue Session-7 to Session-8

Is there such thing as Evil?

WHY is there pain, suffering, death?

What about Morality, Reason, Critical-Thinking, Logic?

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